THE NEW-YORK TRIBUNI

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Terms of Advertising... For each Advertisement of TEN lines or less (over six) first insertion... 50 Cents. do. for each subsequent insertion... 25 "do. for SIX insertions, or one week... 21 50 "do. for TWENTY-FIVE insertions.... 5 90 "I Longer Advertisments at equally favorable rates. Marriages, Raligious and Funeral Notices, not exceeding twe lines, 25 cents.

IT The WEEKLY TRIBUNE, a very large paper, for the Country, is published every Saturday morning, at the ow price of \$2 per annum, in advance.

THE TRIBUNE.

SPEECH AT THE TABERNACLE.

Of Hon. B. W. Thompson, of Indiana. Hon. Mr. THOMPSON, of Ia., being introduced to the assembly was received with hearty cheering,

and addressed the meeting nearly as follows: Fellow Citizens : Never in the course of a life. not an uneventful one, have I experienced such emotions as new overwhelm me-never before have I seen such gratitude as you have poured on the Representatives of the People. There is nothing more gratifying to the public servant when returning from his labors than to feel that the Peoin the legislation of the country are satisfied with the manner in which he has performed his obligations and duties. Coming as we do from all quarters of this great Confederacy-from every portion of this Union-from the North, from the South, from the East and the far-off West, we are greeted here at this great Commercial Emporium, whence the blood of our commerce flows through all the arteries and veins of this great Nation-coming from all quarters of this nation we are greeted here in the most cheering manner, in this great City of

this great Nation. Fellow-citizens: You, in common with the universe made of the people of this country who have confided their destinies to our laws, have felt the withering and blighting influence of misrule, for the last twelve years, which has rode over all the interests of the country, which has fattened on your industry and labor, which has crushed down the stout hearts, and blasted the spirit of a people devoted to the interests of the country, and to their institutions, confided by their fathers to their hands, and we the Representatives of the People have come to you as a common constituency; we are all Americans; we are all freemen; we all have the interest and prosperity of this mighty city of yours at heart; we are all sons of a common country, and countrymen of HENRY CLAY. [Loud cheering.]

From the deepest recesses of my heart I thank you for the shouts with which you have met that name when it has been heard in your presence as citizens of this common confederacy. As a Whig Member of Congress, and (more than all) as a Western man, I thank you from the bottom of my

heart [Renewed cheering.]
We have come before you, fellow-citizens, fresh from an arduous conflict in which we have been long engaged; but it is not a conflict of blood; we have no blood-stained trophy to lay at your feet; we present you nothing as the evidence of our victory but a remedy for the agonizing distress with which you have so long been afflicted. This is all we could do. Driven back from point to point by the cohorts of an Executive who has preven traitor to all the pledges he ever made; driven back by an alliance as utterly heartless as it was corrupt, we could give you no more. We have been engaged in a conflict with the Executive power of this country-with nation of ours. [Applause.] But, thank God, in that contest we have been found fighting on your side-on the side of the People of the Constitution, and of the country. [Hearty cheers.]

Fellow-Citizens, when the great Whig party of this country achieved that great moral and political revolution of 1340, the pulse of this mighty nation of ours beat with most anxious hope, and we looked with the utmost confidence to the result of the assemblage at the Capitel of the first Whig Congress, after that glorious era had begun. We came flushed with victory, filled with the same hopes that had formed in your bosoms-fresh from the people of this country who themselves were fresh from the conflict. But we found not there the man of our choice: another was in his stead. The unerring shaft of Death had fallen on him whom you and the country had borne triumphantly on your shoulders through this mighty nation-who loved his country for his country's sake. (Cheers.) Another was in his stead, and there is not a

Whig now within the sound of my voice-not a man in the nation who does not recollect with what anxiety the public mind fastened itself on the doctrines which he proclaimed to the country as the evidence of his devotion to Whig principles and to the prosperity of his country. But no sooner had we assembled together and commenced the glorious work expected by you the people, than that man that had thus been accidentally placed in the Presidential chair, was indeed endued with the physical, or moral, or political power in this country to build up a great party for himself. From that hour to this have we been engaged in a continual strife-in a warfare tot only with the coborts of the Administration, but with their allies the Democrats. (Applause.)

We only recur to these things as evidence that there is in this country a state of feeling which will endure suffering to an extremity beyond which there is no virtue in permitting its endurance. If it had not been for this unfortunate feeling of ruth-less and grovelling ambition which corrupted the mind of the President of the United States, you this day had been in the enjoyment of a currency good all over the nation and the world, ample for all purposes of individual, State and National cir-

culation. (Hearty cheers.) At the commencement of the Extra Session of Congress the disordered and broken state of the currency rendered important to the prosperity of the country a financial measure, and who was there in the ranks of the Statesmen of the land to whom the task of effecting it could as well be committed as to the Statesman of the West, of the Nation, the countryman of us all whom we all delight to henor; (cheers) and I have always believed, and now most religiously believe, that if that bill had not been perfected by Henry Clay it would have received the signature of John Tyler. But, altered, modified and amended as it was, for the purpose of procuring that signature, it received nothing but the taunts of its enemies and the opposition of the Executive. For the first time. then, we were induced to believe that this was a dangerous power, although placed in the sacred instrument of the Constitution; and then it was that, not looking to John Tyler, but to you, as your agents, that we consulted him as to the maxher in which your suffering could be relieved, and then we elected from our ranks men whom the country delights to honor, to call on the President for a financial scheme which he would approve; and just as he told us, without crossing a t or dot ting an i, when we had passed his bill and humiliated ourselves at his feet, even that would not please him, and that again met the extreme medicine of the Constitution, which dosed it to

We returned to our constituents. But there was a yet higher duty to discharge. At the commencement of this session it became necessary to perfect a Revenue Law, and in that we were again met with this extreme medicine of the Constitution; and in reference to its final passage, however much credit may be due to other individunls and States, I repeat, in the language of the gentleman from North Carolina, (Mr. STANLY) that there is no State in the Union which has contributed so much towards the perfection of this great measure as New-York. We confided this bill ourselves to the hands of the distinguished Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means, I copy of the paper.

death. (Cheering.)

HW-MRA AN TRIB

OFFICE NO. 30 ANN-STREET. BY GREELEY & McELRATH

FOL. II. NO. 123.

(Mr. FILLMORE) a gentleman whom, with the citizens of New-Yerk, I am proud to call my countryman and friend. (Hearty cheers.)

You have been pleased to signify your approba-tion of my course on the bill I had taken a most decided stand throughout the whole course of our deliberations, and up to the very moment when that bill was about to fail, for adjourning and going home, and personally calling upon the people to decide between us and the Executive. I voted against the bill on the first presentation for engrossing-but no sooner was that vote announced. and the bill rejected, than flashed on my mind all the consequences of that act. I saw your stores and your workshops closed. I heard no longer the busy hum of industry and commerce; I could see a thousand ships lying idly at your wharves . I saw your manufacturing establishments closed; and all the energies of this great country paralyzed and prostrated under the strong arm of Executive ple of the country who have the deepest interest power; I gave up the lands, considering that I saved all the great interests of the country and forwarded your prosperity. Did I surrender my independence as a man, and as a Representative of the people, to John Tyler? No; I surrendered my independence to the country-to you; to the people. (Loud cheering.) Though I believe the arm of Executive power is growing too strong, I look to the invincible energies of the people to carry us through the disastrous struggles in which we have yet to engage with Executive power .-(Cheers.)

The constituents I represent are deeply, earnestv devoted to the distribution policy, and I believe I represented their views when I resolved not to vote for the bill unless coupled with a provision which did not prevent distribution; but when I tell them that I gave up for the present this question to save you from destruction, I feel that they will be satisfied that I did my duty. (Cheers.)-If they are not satisfied with the act however, I can only tell them that under the same circumstances. I would do it over and over again and again, (deafening cheers.) and if they want another representative on the floor of Congress to be withered and paralyzed in his efforts for their good, they must send there some other man than me. (Renewed applause.)

But I could not have saved the bill by my vote There came to aid me my gallant friend from N. C. (Mr. Stanly-Cheers) who never is found wanting in the hour of his country's trial; then came to my aid another gallant though absent friend from Ky .- Landaff W. Andrews, (cheers) as true and gallant a Whig as ever fought beneath the flag of freedom, or defended the constitution of his country (renewed cheers)-a man who comes from the

land of Henry Clay (loud and prolonged cheers.) But the idea, the base idea, that such a man as ohn Tyler should be a rival of HENRY CLAY! (laughter) is too absurd to be met with any thing like gravity. As well may you attempt to compare the sparrow which perches on your door-sill to the eagle which sails o'er his proud eyric and surveys the feathered tribe beneath him! (Applause.) As well may you attempt to draw a comparison between a man who, coascious of a 'little brief authority,' folds himself in accidental robes of power and conceives that he is THE STATE, and a man who, proudly resting on his own native and stern integrity, holding in one hand the Constitution of the country, and grasping all the vast interests of the country in the other, stands on his own firm foundation of majesty and strength-the the strong Executive power of this free American true embodiment of public sentiment and the true representative of public feeling. (Deafening shouts of applause.)

Before we left Washington City, we were told that nothing was in reserve for us but popular indignation. (Laughter.) If this be popular indignation, let us have it all; let it come. (Cheers.) We are again, thank God, an united party. But a few weeks ago, a cloud had gathered over our political horizon; all good men and true of our party looked forward to the result of political controversies with doubt and dismay; but, I thank God, we now have a clear sky above us; the storm is dispelled; your Representatives have remained firm until they have achieved a triumph over all the cohorts of Executive power that have been marshaled against us. (Cheers.) We have come out of the contest united, and when I return to my constituents and tell them of this immense gathering in New-York-that it brings back my mind to the contest of 1840-when I tell them that I have seen you by thousands and thousands assembled beneath the broad canopy of Heaven, proclaiming that confidence in their friend, their old General and Governor-they would tell me that in truth the spirit of 1840 is revived again. (Cheers.)

That spirit cannot expire : it burns as a living light throughout this whole land, which all the waters of Executive usurpation and patronage can not quench; and it will burn on to light us to victory in the contest of 1844. (Loud cheers.) In that contest we are now engaged: a common standard sheet floats over all the Whig party and throughout this whole land; but one name is engraven on it, and that is the name of HENRY CTAY. (Deafening applause and three cheers for

"Harry of the West.")
Fellow-citizens, I will detain you no longer. I will only say to you let us all perform the obligations devolving upon us as freemen, os lovers of the constitution and our common country, and in the contest of 1844 as in that of 1840 we will surely come out triumphantly-most triumphantly victo-

rious. (Loud cheering.) In behalf of those who have been united with me in the arduous labors of legislation as well as for myself. I again return you my heartfelt thanks for the confidence with which you have received us in the city of New York, and let me assure you that whatever events may come across my path throughout my life, I will ever recur to this occasion and to the city of New York with feelings which you can better conceive than I can describe. Again I thank you, heartily thank you.

Mr. T. resumed his seat amid the most enthusiastic acclamation of applause, and the meeting adjourned to the succeeding evening.

THE WHIG ALMANAC AND U. S. REGISTER,

WILL BE PUBLISHED on TUES. For 1843, DAY, SEPTEMBER 20th, and ready for deliv-

. AN ALMANAC FOR 1843, full and complete, with all the usual Calculations, &c. &c. . THE PRINCIPLES AND MEASURES OF THE WHIGS: A plain and condensed statement of the points

of difference between the contending parties in this Country, embracing an exposition and defence of the views AN EXPOSITION AND DEFENCE OF THE PRO-TECTION OF HOME INDUSTRY, showing its Poliey, Necessity, and benefits to the Laboring Men of this

Country, and how it contributes to the Prosperity and of the People; A LIFE OF HENRY CLAY, clear and glowing, written expressly for this work; OFFICIAL RETURNS OF ALL IMPORTANT ELECTIONS, in the several States and Counties of the

Union, from 1836 downward, including especially the vote of every State and County in the Presidential contest of

6. ANECDOTES, MISCELLANIES, &c .- a great varie-

TIMES OF HOLDING ELECTIONS in all the States; the number of Members of Congress and Electors of President to which each is entitled, &c. &c. THE WHIG ALMANAC will contain about 64 large and closely printed pages, on fine white paper, neatly printed and stitched in a printed cover. It will be afforded for cash inflexibly at 124 cents per single copy, \$1 per dozen,

87 50 per hundred, or \$65 per thousand. Orders enclosing cash are respectfully solicited by GREELEY & MCELRATH, Publishers. Tribune Office, Aug. 19, 1842.

Three copies will be sent to any Editor who will publish the above advertisement and send us a marked

FOUR DOLLARS A YEAR.

NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1842.

Deuth of Mon. T. D. Baird.

Correspondence of The New-York Tribune. South Bend, Ia., Sunday Morning, Aug. 28. Messrs. Editors: I have the unpleasant duty of informing you of the death of Hon. THOMAS D. BAIRD, Senator in the State Legislature, representing this, Marshall, and Fulton Counties. His decease was sudden and unexpected. For a week past he had been slightly unwell, but was in such a faverable state of health on Friday that he worked in his field all day. Yesterday morning he was taken with a severe attack of congestive fever, and expired at 7. P. M.

The death of Mr. Baird has shrouded this community in sadness, and will be sorrowfully felt by his numerous friends throughout the State. He occupied a prominent place in the public eye. For five years he has represented this District in the State Senate, and has been during that time, if not the leader of the Whigs, at least one of the most prominent and influential ones in that body. His loss is irreparable. To his family, who are bowed down in anguish by his sudden death, he was ever a devoted husband and a fond, affectionate father; to his friends he was warmly attached and true; to his constituents steadfast and indefatigable; and to his party ever faithful. Such men are an honor to their friends, their constituents and their party-and such a man was ke who has been stricken down in the prime of his life and the flood of his political career, by the stern and insatiable Angel of Death. Yours, in haste.

EFFECTS OF THE TARIFF.-It is believed that at the time of the passage of the tariff, there were over 200,000 persons out of work in the manufactories and workshops of New York and New England. A large proportion of these people will resume their labors in the course of this month .-In every direction we hear that the factories are preparing to employ extra hands. The Mattewan factory set 400 to work last Monday. A gentleman (Mr. Tech, late of the firm of Phelps, Dodge & Co.) left the city on Saturday, to put his factory in operation at Haverstraw, which employs over 200 persons. 20,000 persons, who were idle a month ago, are again at work. The prospect [N. Y. American.

A TARIFF. - Some of our exchange papers take particular pains to impress on their readers the great disadvantages that must result to agriculturists generally, and to cotton planters in particular, from a Protective Tariff. Will some of them inform us how much the cotton planters have been benefitted by the reduction of the Tariff within the last five years! Dare any one of them deny, that, in consequence of that reduction, a corresponding reduction has taken place in the price of cotton? Every man of ordinary information, knows this [Baten Rouge Gazette.

A DIVORCE .- A Mrs. Buckingham, of Parkman in this county, applied at the late term of the Supreme Court in this place, for a divorce from er husband, who was somewhat advanced in age. The divorce was granted on Tuesday last. The defendant, who was present, became seriously ill the same night, and died at Mr. Avery's in the forenoon of Wednesday. We understand that intemperance was the primary cause of all these unpleasant results. Ye votaries of Bacchus, take fresh warning! [Geauga Freeman.

The Madisonian some time since stated, that many of its editorials, which were sneered at as weak and puerile were written by some of the first intellects in the land-referring to Messrs. Webster, Spencer & Co. Prentice says this is no proof that the articles are not puerile-for adds that unfeeling wit, "When a man of sense writes an editorial article for a notorious fool, he of course, makes it a little foolish, in order that it may pass for the fool's own."

We regret to learn that Harman Heiner, Esq. late delegate from Pendieton in the Virginia Legislature, was killed a few days ago, by a blow from a limb while engaged in felling a tree. There was no one present, we understand, when the accident happened. [Rich. Whig.

IF As an evidence of the cheapness of provisions in the West, it is stated in a St. Louis paper of the 23d ult., that fresh beef, best pieces, can be had in that city at 5 cents a pound, fowls at 50 cents to \$1 per dozen, potatoes at 121 cents a bushel, 20 large loaves of wheat bread, or 40 small loaves, for \$1; and good peaches for 122 cents per

Commander Ralph Voorhees, of the U. S. sloop of war Preble, died at Smyrna, July 27th, of bilious fever, after an illness of several days. His body was interred in the English cemetry, with the honors due to his rank.

S. REDFIELD, Bookseller and Stationer, Clinton Hail, corner of Nassau and Beekmanstreets, has constantly for sale an assortment of Theological, Classical and Miscellaneous, and Schoolbooks and Stationery at the lowest cash prices.

MRS. HOLTON'S Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 11 Amity-st au30 2m* MRS. AMES' SCHOOL 645 Broadway,

WISS CLEAVER'S SCHOOL will be re opened on Monday, the 12th inst., at No. 233 Thompson street, corner of Amity, New-York. s6 lw. USIC.—Miss Merse respectfully informs the ladies of this city and Brooklyn, that she will give instruction on the Piano Forte, and in Singing, at

the residences of the pupils. Terms to suit the times, plication to be made at 10 City Hall place. R. and MRS. BAILEY will re-open their Young Ladies' School, 10 Carroll place, Bleecker-street, on Wednesday, 7th of September. They have a few vacancies for boarding papils, their limited number being twelve. It will readily be perceived that punctual attendance is necessary for the immediate organization of the plasses.

MISS ORAM'S BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL will be opened on Thursday, 8th September, at No. 68 Hammond street.

Mr. and Mrs. BLEECKER, for many years at the head of a popular Fenale Seminary in West bester County, associated with Miss Oram of this City, baving taken the extended the sexual street of the sexual s

sive Mansion No. 66 Hammond-street, will open a Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies on Thursday, Sept. 8th. The building and grounds, for elegance, convenience and bealthy location, are not surpassed by any similar institution in the city.

Miss Oram, with assistants, will attend to the instruction of the young ladies, and the domestic department will be under the superintendence of Mrs. Bleecker.

\$21f

THE REV. J. F. MESSENGER'S CLASSICAL SCHOOL, SE Butler-street, Broooklyn.
In compliance with the repeated solicitations of the friends of this establishment, a PRIMARY DEPARTMENT will be opened on Monday next (5th September) for the instruction of juniors. Terms &c. made known on application. \$31w*

SCHOOL RE-OPENING.—The Misses
COLES form their Classes on Mouday, the 5th of September, at No 193 East Broadway, near Jefferson-street, and will be happy to receive applications for admission of young ladies. Music on favorable terms, both at the school and at residences.

THE Rev. Dr. E. D. Barry and Mr. Ru-FUS LOCKWOOD'S Collegiate School, No. 41
Broadway, near Canal street, will open on Monday, the
3th inst. The Classical Department is under the immediate care of Dr. Barry. The English Department is under
the supervision of Mr. Lockwood, assisted by—
a teacher of mathematics. Mr. A. Pestiaux, a professor of
the French language, will have charge of the French department. Those parents desirous of placing their sons in a
seminary, in which the classical and commit relabbranches are
thoroughly and radically tangiat, are respectfully invited to
call at the book store of Mr. Roe Lockwood 4il Broadway,
at the rooms over the store, or at 18 Howard street, at which call at the book store of all the book at the rooms over the store, or at 19 Howard street, at which places eards containing terms of admission, &c. may be obd. Mr. Lockwood would receive a few boys into his ly to board. The strictest regard will be paid to their ort, and to their moral and literary improvement.

SHEATHING COPPER-100 easks English 14 to 32 oz, for sale by GRINNELL, MINTURN & Co. 78 South street.

TO THE WORLD!

WILLIAMSBURGH FIRE INSUR-Williamslergh-Agency Office, 64 Wall street, north-west corner of Agency Office, 64 Wall street, north-west Samuel Willets, Frederick W Favre, Andrew C Benedict,
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This Company continues to insure against loss or damage by Fire, at the reduced rates of premium, at either of the above places, and losses sustained will be liberally adjusted and promptly paid. officers.
C. ZABRISKIE, President.

ANDREW B. HODGES, Secretary, 55 tf WASHINGTON POST, Agest, New-York. TRUST FIRE INSURANCE COM-PANY, No. 27 wall-street, (next door to the Bank of America,) New-York, will insure against Loss or Damage by Fire, and also effect Insurance on property in the course of Inland Navigation and Transportation, on the most fa-

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LEBBEUS CHAPMAN, Secretary. TNA Fire Insurance Company of N Y.—Office No. 57 Wall-st.—Insure against loss or damage by fire on dwelling houses, stores goods, furniture, vessels and their cargoes in port, and property generally in as favorable terms as any other office.

as favorable terms as any other office.

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HENRY LOTT, Secretary.

25 If RICHARD P. DUNN, Surveyor. THE HOWARD INSURANCE COMpany-Capital \$300,000; Office No. 54 Wal. st. This company continues to make insurance against loss or dam-

Company continues to make insurance against loss or damage by are, and inland navigation.

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VERCHANTS' FIRE Insurance Company—Capital Half a Million of Dollars—Office No. 55 Wall-st.—This Company continues to insure against loss or damage by Fire, dwelling houses, warehouses, and other buildings, ships in port, merchandize and household furniture, and every description of present productions. ture, and every description of personal property, on terms as favorable as any similar institution in this city.

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JONATHAN LAWRENCE, President. iel 3 mm

A. H. MULLER, Secretary, TUTUAL INSURANCE .- On Dwellthe Indian Houses and Furniture only, profits returned to the Assured. THE HOUSEHOLDERS' MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANY, Office 48 Wall st., for separating the insurance of Dwelling Houses and Furniture from that of Stores and Merchandise.

It is well known that almost all the losses incurred in the business of insurance, are the result of the burning of valuable stores and coult graphs.

business of insurance, are the result of the burning of valua-ble stores and costly goods.

This increases the expense of insurance to the household-er, and may possibly deprive him of the very security for which he pays his premium.

The cash payments or premiums form a find, which, af-ter paying expenses and losses, is represented by scrip, and is issued to the ascured in proportion to the amount of their

Insurance.

This Company is prepared to insure against loss or damage by fire, Dwelling Houses, occupied in whole or in part as such, Household Furniture and all Household Property ordinarily kept in dwelling houses. Every person insuring with this Company is entitled to one vote for each hundred deliver increase. dred dollars insured.

A. R. RODGERS, President. D. C. TAVLOR, Secretary.

CIRE PROOF IRON SAFES.—There can be no greater evidence of the high estimation by the public of Wilder's Patent Salamander Safe than the fact, the public of winder's rateful salamander sale than the fact, that since the invention of these Safes and their subsequer; trials and tests, almost every thing made for the purpose of holding books and papers are called by the makers and venders by the name of Salamander Safes.

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venders by the name of Salamander Safes.

The following gentlemen composed a Committee of Merchants at the trial of safes in a blast turnace near the foot of Wall-street, and decided in favor of Wilder's Patent Safe, which was the only one that stood the test, viz:

Messrs, WADSWORTH & SMITH,

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CHAS. H. MARSHALL, Esq.

Wilder's Salamander Safes, which have never failed to preserve their contents in case of fire, are to be had only of SILAS C. HERRING, General Agent,

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BEWARE OF IMITATION Salaman-D der Safes.—The reputation of Wilders Patent Sala-mander Safes, for securing books and papers against Fire, having become almost universal, has induced other manu-facturers of Iron Chests to imitate his (at least in the outward appearances) and offer them to the public under the name of "Improved Salamander Safes," but of which Wilders Patent Salamander Safes, manufactured by himself, stand in no need, having been tested in many instances, and never failing in a single case of accomplishing the purpose for which they were invented and offered to the

public.

The subscriber is the sole Agent (appointed by the Patentee and Manufacturer) for the United States, with authority to appoint sub-agents in such places as he may select, of which he has availed himself by appointing the fol-

ing Agencies, viz: W. J. THOMAS & CO., of Albany. W. J. THOMAS & CO., of Alisany.
E. C. SALISBURY of Troy.
J. W. STANTON & CO., of New Orleans,
And at no other place can the genuine WILDERS Paent Salamander Safes be purchased.
A large assortment of the above on hand (or made to or-

der) and for sale by S. C. HERRING. Agent, auld tf No. 159 Water-street. TEW DRY GOODS STORE .- The subscriber has just opened a Dry Goods Store at No.

4 Maiden Lane, where he will always be happy to see

4 Maiden Lane, where he will ALWAYS be happy to see those persons who wish to purchase a good article to coincide with the times. His Goods are all NEW, and of the LATEST patterns. They have been selected from the latest importations by good judges, and have been purchased at a reasonable price. Therefore he flatters himself that he can supply those who choose to call on him, with both Fall and Winter Goods, CHEAPER than any of his neighbors. Please call and see to satisfy yourselves. Pieuse call and see, to satisfy yourselves.
WILLIAM H. BUTTS.
No. 4 (south side) Maiden Lane,
s5 St 2 doors from Broadway.

DILLIARD TABLES.—Wanted to pur-chase immediately, two second hand Billiard Tables, apply at the Billiard and Bowling Salson, No. 64 East Broadway.

LT N. B. The above establishment will be reopened in a few days, after nuderwing that our property sealing a few days, after nuderwing that our property sealing a few days, after nuderwing that our property sealing a few days.

Broadway.

LT N. B. The above establishment will be reopened in a few days, after undergoing thorough repairs and improvements. It will then be the most extensive place of the kind in the city, containing three first rate bowling alleys and four billiard tables on the same floor, it being about 150 feet in length, extending through and fronting on No. 71 Division the largest three sames store.

See Transport to the largest store the large three transports to the large three stores. street, under the carpet store. DATENT PRESERVED PORTA-

824 Nassau-st

OAL! COAL!-\$4 50 Nut size, \$5 Orchard Coal to be had at the above low prices, doubly screened and delivered from the yard, 613 Greenwich-st., near Leroy-st.

N. B.—Coal is to be had from the boats at 25 cents per

ton less. All Coal sold by the subscriber is weighed by City Weigher. au25 2w* PETER CLINTON. MPROVED Patent Tailors' Shears, Trimmers and Points-Also Bankers' Shears, and Hair Dressers' Scissors, for sale at the manufacturer's agents, 31
John street, (formerly at the sign of the Golden Shears, File
and Im-

PATTERY KETTLES, Brass Pails, of good quality, from the Wolcottville Brass Co., by L. WETMORE, 190 Pearl-st-up stairs.

NTOTICE,-The copartnership heretofore existing between William Ide and George W. Savage, under the firm of Ide & Savage, was dissolved the first day of September, 1842, by mutual consent. The business will be continued by George W. Savage, at 57 Dey-st. s8 1w*

DOOTS AND BROGANS .- There is

a lot of prime thick and kip Boots and Brogans, stor-ed in the second loft of 250 Pearl st.* Purchasers would de well to call and examine as they must be sold. No 250, 200 July 200 J

WHOLE NO. 440

Can we for a moment look upon our wide-spread land and behold the fearful amount of suffering and disease that there exists, without a feeling of painful sympathy arising in our hearts accommanied with the desire of bestowing rehefif we possessed the power? No, no, we cannot; the human heart goes forth to meet its fellow, and extends to him the hand of sympathy, if nothing more. This may soothe, but it will not cure. He still feels himself an object that is loathed,—he still feels himself a cripple; the anguish still lingers around his pillow. These at all familiar with the history of diseases cannot belp being struck with the rapid increase of that peculiar range of diseases arising from an imoure state of the blood, or habit of the system ;-diseases of the rancus tissue; also of the osseons and glandular system, scrofula, cancerous picers and obstinate cutaneous eruptions chronic sore eyes, and diseases of the bones. The chief cause of their increase is owing to their being hereditary, running through whole families and spreading destruction along their

But for all these ills there has a new medicine dawned upon the world; and in offering to the public this new pre paration, which has for its object the relief of suffering humanity, it becomes necessary to state upon what grounds t puts torth its merits and the reasons upon which it founds its superior claims to the attention of the afflicted, that all who require its use may repose full confidence in its restorative virtues. But let us introduce our reader more particularly to this new preparation, which has already been an ounced to the public under the name of SANDS'S SAR-

SAPARILLA. This medicine is the result of years of devotion to labori ous chemical experiments in testing various modes of preparation, enabling them to concentrat in the most efficient form all the medicinal value of the tru. Sarsaparilla; and they have at last accomplished this most desirable result by means of an entirely new, ingenious and costly apparatus The process throughout is governed by strictly chemical laws, so that the essential principles, or the principles on which the restorative virtues of the Sarsaparilla depends, are entirely preserved. This is then combined with other arti cles, selected wholly from the vegetable kingdom, all of which are the most powerful purifiers of the blood, which are then concentrated into a fluid extract that has been found by experience to possess the important power of immediately arresting the progress of disease and restoring the patient to perfect health. Therefore, those suffering from disease arising from an impure state of the blood or habit of the system, such as obstinate cutaneous eruptions, rheumatism, chronic sore eyes, or diseases arising from an injudicious use of mercury, or imprudences in life, have only to use this preparation, which has all combined that can be nseful in the removal of their complaints. Combined with the other advantages which the preparation possesses, the proprietor has reaped the experience of a scientific gentleman who resided many years in that country which pro-

duces the best, in fact the only true, species of Sarsaparilla. The proprietors, during the many years they have been engaged in preparing it, have tried hundreds of experiments upon the human system, and have had the pleasure of witnessing its happy results in numerous instances; and they were determined not to offer it to the world until they had become thoroughly convinced of its efficacy. They have now succeeded in preparing a modioire whose restora-ive virtues are without a parallel in the history of medicine, which fact is fully substantiated by the namerous certificates and testimonials of cures of the most difficult kinds o

This medicine has been prepared for the benefit of all suffering mankind, both rich and poor, and to the indigent poor it will be given without money and without price, by heir bringing a certificate of their need from the Pastor, the Magistrate or the Alderman of their Ward. And now let the testimony of suffering humanity, who are gathering around it thick and fast, and by whose inherent virtues the one walk, the lepers are cleansed and the afflicted are healed, bear witness of its merits. Let it stand or fall by its own inherent virtues. What it has done once it will do again, and by its use the world will be relieved of a vast amount of suffering and disease.

The proprietors have made arrangements for spreading t through the whele United States. That all may have i within their reach, it is also their intention to introduce i into the hospitals, into the alms-houses, and into all the public institutions, wherever enlightened reason may be inclined to receive it, which have for their object the sufferer's relief. And to the American public the proprietors Guiian C. Verplanck, R. A. Robertson, Stephen Cambreleng, Roh't Henry Ludiow, Samuel Martin, Frederick Depcyster. William H. Harison, F'd'k Schachardt, Daniel Seymour. Of thousands, reveive your favorable consideration. Let all philanthropists systain an article which has for its object relief to both rich and poor. As long as the medicine produces the desired result for which it is administered-and this has been proved again and again-is it not sufficient to all to administer it in cases where its benign influence may shed relief and happiness around the pillow of suffering and

nary as almost to surpass belief, has, in order to place its truth beyond the reach of suspicien or doubt, been sworn to, this 26th day of August, 1842, before his Honor Robert H. Morris, Mayer of the city of New York.

NEW. YORK, August 23, 1842. NEW.YORK, August 23, 1842.

Gentlemen.—A tale of misery and woe is mine to tell, and as memory ever constant in the task brings back scenes that have past, I shudder at the picture and almost wonder if it so. For months stretched upon a hed of suffering and distress, racked by the most excruciating pain, dumb with agony—the only voice that came from my lips the voice of greaning, and my only hope despair. Siten and often while others siept in the still hours of night, I have turned my face to the wall and wished to die.

Although I stood on the brink of eternity and the thread Although I stood on the brink of eternity and the thread of life was nearly severed, yet I still breathed on, the lamp held out to burn; I little thought it would be ever trimmed again, and only hoped that death would swallow up the flame. My sickness was first brought on by my imprudently exposing myself to a strong current of air while over-heated, which caused a sudden check of perspiration. My complaint at first seemed light and hardly worth while to call a physician; but I soon began to grow worse, and a physician was called, who prescribed some pills containing a powerful preparation of mercury, to be followed by sarshparilar root and ligenum vite made into a tea, which I continu-

physician; but I soon began to grow worse, and a physician was called, who prescribed some pills containing a powerful preparation of mercury, to be followed by sarsaparilla root and lignum vite made into a tea, which I continued using for several months without intermission. Soon after taking the mercury I began to feel its poisonous influence. My whole glandular system became affected, also the bones, joints and muscles; lumps formed upon the skin nearly as big as an egg accompaned with intense burning heat, which keptswelling until they broke, and discharged matter and blood. These continued to increase until they covered my whole body. But this was only the beginning of my afflictions; now commenced those torturing pains termed chronic rheumatism. At times it seemed as if I was stretched upon a rack and all my limbs were being term from each other; at others as if sharp knives were piercing me at every point. The muscles of my legs seemed tied in knots and were as hard as a bone. My distress was now so great that my groans at night disturbed the whole house and also some of the families in the adjacent buildings. I had not slept a night since the early part of December last: the only sleep I obtained was a few hours during the middle of the day pillowed up in a chair, and the eruption had also fearfully increased. My face was completely covered with an extending sore. I had now shrunk to a mere skeleton—the skin and fiesh were so diseased around my thighs that the bones nearly protruded, and the physicians pronounced my case beyond the reach of medicine. Oh how I wished that I might die. From my long and protracted illness we had become much reduced in circumstances. A short time since while looking in the papers, I chanced to see your Sarsaparilla advertised, accompanied with a certificate from Mr. Burdock, of a most extraordinary cure made by its use. The case in some respects resembled my own, and I found that lingering hope still clung to life. It seemed like a whisper from heaven. The second day after almost well. I was out, and walked nearly three miles without even the assistance of a cane. And now, gentlemen—yes, now, I am well! and have testified before my God upon His sacred BLE MEATS and SOUPS—Warranted to keep any length of time in any climate, viz: Lobsters, halibut, shallous, salmon, oysters, clams, beef, mutten, veal, duck, chicken, turkey, beef soup, mutton lerath, chicken soup, ox tail soup, mock and green turtle soup, vegetable soup, green peas, mushrooms, carrots, turnips, parsaips, tomates, milk, kc., &c., manufactured and sold wholesale by

WILLIAM MULLANE,

88 lm*

well! and have testified before my God upon His sacred Word, that all might believe this statement for it is true, true. Oh how lamely these cold words describe those fear-five control words and word, that all might believe this statement for it is true, true. Oh how lamely these cold words describe those fear-five control words and word, that all might believe this statement for it is true, true. Oh how lamely these cold words describe those fear-five control w

Ever gratefully yours.
THOMAS TURNER, 43 Anthony street City and County of New-York, 11: I hereby certily that on this 26th day of August, 1342, the above named Thomas
Turner appeared before me, in the Mayor's office, and haging been duly sworn, stated that the above statement by
him subscribed, was true. ROBT. H. MORRIS,
Mayor of the City of New-York.

I do hereby certify that the above is a correct statement of the case of Thomas Turner, and the effect of your Sarsaparilla upon him; his wife being a member of my congregation I have frequently visited them and know the facts to be true,

SEYMOUR VAN DEUSEN,

be true,
Pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church, Duane-st.
We, the undersigned, being neighbors of Thomas Turner, do hereby certify that the above is a correct statement of his case and the operation of your Sarsaparilla upon him.
WILLIAM LOZEY, Wine Merchant, corner Church and Leonard-sts. WILLIAM LOZEY, Wine Merchant, corner Church and Leonard-sts. JOEL B. PURDY, Grocer, corner Pranklin and Church sts. ISAAC I. COWI., Grocer, 97 Franklin-st.

Reference is also made (if any farther evidence integrated) to Mr. James Brown, of the house of Brown, Brothers & Co., who is acquainted with the above particulars, is whose employ the above named Thomas Turner was for a number of years.

The proprietors also submit to the public the following certificate, from a highly respectable source, of a cure made by using their preparation of Sarsaparilla, which can-not but have the effect of placing beyond all doubt the curaive powers of this medicine;

"Messrs Sands—Gentlemen: Under a feeling sense o graitinde inherent to us all when suddenly relieved from suffering and disease, I now, as an act of justice due to you, and with a view of relieving the afflicted, make known to the world the inestimable benefit I have received from the use of your Sarsaparilla. In the year 1832 I sailed from England in a vessel bound for Quebec, and while on the passage first discovered the disease which after proved to be a sore affliction; and truly I can say, from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot there was no soundness in me." From the time first mentioned down until the present, a period of more than ten years, I have suffered all that human nature was capable of bearing. I have been that human nature was capable of bearing. I have been under the care of the most distinguished physicians, both in this country and in England, visited Bath, Cheltenham, Bristol and Gloucester, tried various specifics, among others a large; nantity of Swaim's Panacea, used sulphur baths, &c. &c. As a last resort I was induced to wrap myself in a tar ointment, keep myself secluded, shunned by all, myself less shounder. I was induced to have companied to be the country of the second to be the country of the country of the second to be the second to be the country of the second to be the country of the second to be the country of the second to be t also shunning. I was induced to believe my case a hope-

also shunning. I was induced to believe my case a hopelessome.

In Angust last, by the advice of friends, I went to the New-York City Hospital, but was there told that my case was incurable. The disease now enveloped my whole body, rendering me almost belpless; the skin thickened and cracked, and blood and matter ran, and life itself became almost a burden. A few weeks since I was induced to use your Sarsaparilla by hearing it so highly recommended, having spent near \$3,000 without obtaining but little relief. After using it a short time I found myself better, and now, by using six or eight bottles, costing me less than ten dollars, I am well. Yes, I certify and declare to the world, that after spending near \$3,000 intraveling and doctoring, and suffering more than can be told, I was perfectly cured by using your invaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla; and I now recommend it to all similarly afflicted. Those wishing to know farther particulars will find me at my residence, No. 27 Warren-street, New-You, there I shall be happy to communicate any thing in relation to the above cure.

ITS OWN WORKS PROCLAIM IT.—Let the following speak for itself:

"New-Your Angust 16, 1842.

"NEW-YORK, August 16, 1842. "Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—Owing to you a debt which money cannot pay, I am induced to make a public acknowledgement of the benefit I have derived from your (to me) iavaluable preparation of Sarsaparilla. I was sorely affected with a terrible scrofulous disease, hereditary in our family, which commenced on my neck, and, continuing to spread, soon reached my ears, running into my head, and extended all over my face meck arms and lower extremiextended all over my face, neck, arms, and lower extremi-ties. I became a disgusting object to look upon. At times my distress was so great that I was unable to sleep or lay down, and the disease extending into my ears, seriously af-fected my hearing. My face was one continuous sore, from which a discharge of matter and water kept constantly ozing out. People avoided me, supposing I had the small pox, or some other infectious disease, and I was consequently obliged to relinquish my business. Notwithistanding I had the best medical advice, and tried different plans of treatment, the disease to grow worse, until I gave up in despair. Fortunately for me, I chanced to fail in with a lady on board without one while traveling for my health who informed. Fortunately for me, I chanced to fail in with a lidy on board a railroad car while traveling for my health, who informed me that her son was at one time in as bad a condition as I was, and that by using your Sarsaparilla he was speedily cured. I immediately procured the article and commenced using it, and now, after having used less than six bottlee, I am well and able to attend to my business. I send you this statement as an act of justice, only hoping it may induce the afflicted to make use of the right medicine, and thereby save them much suffering and expense. Those wishing to learn further particulars concerning my case will find use at 207 Greenwich street, where it will afford me great pleasure to communicate anything in relation to the above.

I am, with gratitude, yours, &c.

I am, with gratitude, yours, &c.

I am, with gratitude, yours, &c.

AMOS DENMAN.

Prepared and sold at wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by A. B. SANDS & CO. Druggists and Chemists Granite Buildings, 273 Broadway, corner of Chambers, New-York. Sold also by A. B. & D. Sands, 79 Fulton; D. Sands & Co. 77 East Broadway, corner Marketst. Price \$1 per bottle; six bottles for \$5.

D Doctor Lardner's Lectures. -The secon dition of Doctor Lardner's Course of Lectures delivered Niblo's is just published and for sale at this office. Price,t 5 cents. The subjects embraced in the Lectures are : Electricity-The Sun-Galvanism-The Fixed Stars-Magetic Needle-Lautude and Longitude-Bleaching, Taning-Popular Fallacies-Light-Falling Stars-Temporary Stars-Historical Sketch of Astronomy- Dew-Science aided by Art-Scientific Discoveries Sound Vibrations of me Retina Voltate Battery-Steam Engines of Great Britain

Il' Mr. Clay's Speech at the Festival at Lexingon, Ky., Mr. Chief Justice Robertson's Adoress as the President of the Meeting, and Mr. CLAY'S FAREWELL SPEECH on his retiring from the United States Senate, is published in a neat Pamphlet and for sale at this office. Price 12: cents, or 31 per dozen. Postmasters who remit \$1.00 will receive 13 copies. Clay Cubs supplied at \$6

Bi Richard Adams Locke's Celebrated Lecture on Magnerism and Astronomy, as reported for The Tribune, is published in a neat pamphlet and for sale at this office. Price 6] cents, or 50 cents per doten.

ANTED—A Girl to do the plain Gooking, and house work in general, of a small fa-aily. Inquire at No. 375 Sixth street. None need apply noless they can come well recommended. ANTED—Respectable families can always have good Protestant servants without charge, at office 536 Broadway. Il English girls wanted this day. T. ELLIOTT, proprietor.

WANTED-3 American and 5 German V girls, at the temperance trust office No 139 Bowery. Housekeepers will find the best of help at this office, sep5 St MANTED-Situations by a respetable one to do up-stairs work or light house work, the other to drive and take care of horses and make himself generally useful. He understands farming. Setisfactory reference can be given for capability, honesty and industry. Inquire at 536 Broadway.

W ANTED-A Partner with \$1,000 capital to engage in a business which will probably more than double the capital invested once a year for years to come. Address C. at the Tribune office, with name and

100 AMERICAN FLAGS for sale or bire by GAUNT & DERRICKSON, 159

DOARD, HOTEL-Brown's Mansion D House, 68 Duane street, near Broadway and the Park. New-York.—This splendid hotel and boarding-house, late 'Manhattan,' has now the bar entirely removed; the irresponsible and dissolute rigidly excluded; all order and provision suited to the repose and constorts of a Christian 'Home;' and reduction unparalleled in charges—to wit, to 75 cents per day; \$1 to \$3 per week for lodgings; meals 22

BOARDING.—Very desirable Rooms, just vacated, with good board, in a private family, can be obtained on reasonable terms, by applying at No 100 contract near St. John's Park. Hudson-street, near St. John's Park.

DOARD in East Broadway (101) with by a family or a few single gentlemen of good morals. House and location unusually pleasant and desirable. Private family. Terms very favorable. BOARDING.—The house 42 Warren street, formerly occupied by the family of Gen. Stevens, has been neatly fitted up, and is now open for the reception of boarders.

FURNITURE TO HIRE—Or For A saie—A number of articles of new Cabinet Furniture can be had at 408 Washington street. The person renting can purchase at any time, and have the amount he has paid

DEW in Ascension Church for sale .-Pew No. 18 on the ground floor, in the body of the Church. Apply at No. 78 South-street jel4

FOR SALE—A Cab and Herse. Inquireof J. BUSH, corner Horatio and Fourth-ets.

JOHN McCABE & CO.'S Intelligence Office, 99 Nassau-st. REFERENCES—Hon. M. H. Grin-nell.H. Brevort, Esq. W. Irving, Prof. Renwick. as tr OUT NAILS .- 1000 casks assorted, from 3d to 60d, for sale by MITCHELL & WITHERELL, 94 John-st.

MUSIC AT THREE CENTS A Page. at No. 72 Lispenardst, cor. of Broadway.—CHAS.
T. GESLAIN, Music Publisher, is constantly receiving new
and fashionable Music, for the Piano, Guitar, and Pinte,
which is selling at the very low price of 3 cents a page retail. Also, on hand, a small lot of Musical Instruments,
which will be sold very low. The public are invited to call
and examine for themselves. Wholesale dealers supplied
cheaper than at any other establishment in the U. States,
jyla tf CHAS T. GESLAIN.

N. B.—Plano Fortes uned at 70 cents.

July 11

CHAS T. GESLAIN.

LISHMENT, STATEN IS LAND, Office for the reception and delivery of goods, No. 55 (late 41) John st. New York.—Dye and finish in a superior manner, Broadcioths, Cassimeres, Sifks. Satins, Sifk Veivet and Plush, Ribbons, Canton and Italian Crape, Sifk and Cotton Gloves and Hose, Ladies and Gentlemens Garments, Moreen, Damask and Satin Curtains, Linens and Cottons.

Cleanse and Re-finish Merino, Taibet and Cashmere Shawls, Plano and Table Covers, Carpets of all kinds, Druggets, Floor Gloths and Hearth Rags, Chintz Carptains, ic. &c.

EC. uc.

IF Orders carefully attended to and promptly executed.

m23 MW&F6m TOHN L. GOURGAS, for many years of the Bazaar, corner of Broadway and Courtlandt-st. having lately fitted up at 10, 2 John-street, near the corner of Broadway, a small, near establishment of the kind, with a general assortment of very choice French, English, German and American Fancy Goods and Perfumery, would be happy to receive, as opportunity may offer, a friendly call from his former patrons, as also from the public in general

NAPP'S Cheap Fishing-Tackle and Gun Store, 50 Houston street, between Cannon and Lewis street, near the Williamsburgh Ferry. Manufacturer and dealer in Jointed poles, snells, books, lines, floats, sinkers, leaders, &c., 30 per cent. less than elsewhere. Just received, a superior lot of Reed Poles, firsh cut, by the single one or by the hundred, cheap. Guns, pistols, and fishing apparatus repaired, attered or made at reduced prices.—Powder, ball, and shot. On hand, several bamboo poles, 4 joints, hollow butt, only \$4 each.

Joints, hollow butt, only \$4 each.

Also by an 26 im*

No. 80] Canal-stre et.

1000 LBS. BREVIER TYPE (secfor sale in lots of 200 lbs. or upward. Price 20 cents per ib,
cash. Apply at this office.